## Enough Stuff

## Grade 4

Activity 420

Relevant Chapters in the Digi-Block Comprehensive Teacher's Guide:
Book III, 3-5: Multiplying by One-Digit Numbers

## Overview

Students model multiplication story problems with blocks. They predict if there are enough blocks for the given situation. They check their predictions by packing the blocks and/or using paper-and-pencil techniques.

## Objectives

Thinking Skills: Students use their understanding of multiples of ten to predict products.

Mastery Skills: Students learn to represent and solve multiplication story problems with blocks.

## Materials

Each group of 2-4 students needs:

- Approximately 40 blocks-of-10 and 40 single blocks
- Small and medium holders
- 1 activity sheet
- 1 place value mat with digit cards

Pass out materials to each group. Read the following aloud:

- The school's community room is set up with 9 rows of chairs.
- Each row has 34 chairs in it.

Have each group use blocks to model the story. Students may:

- Create an array using all single blocks on their desks. If so, encourage them to try using packed blocks.
- Make 9 groups (rows) using blocks-of-10 and single blocks $(9 \times 34)$ :


Ask:

- Are there enough chairs for all 300 parents to have a seat?

Before counting or packing to find the total number of blocks (chairs), have students consider the question by predicting if there are enough blocks (chairs). Use these questions to facilitate a discussion:

- What information do you have about this story problem?
- How does knowing that you will have at least 9 groups of 3 blocks-of-10 help you?
- Will you have more than 27 blocks-of-10? Why or why not?
- Do you think that your total blocks, when packed as much as possible, will be more or less than 30 blocks-of-10?

Give students the option to find the total number of chairs by packing the blocks as much as possible and/or by using paper-and-pencil techniques. Discuss different strategies and solutions:

- How did you find the total number of chairs (blocks)?
- How does your prediction compare with what you found out with the blocks or your paper-and-pencil answer?

End by having every group pack the blocks as much as possible to show the total number of blocks (chairs):


Small Group Activity
(20-25 minutes)
Pass out the activity sheets. Have students work in groups of 2-4. They will:

- Model stories with blocks.
- Predict if there are enough blocks for the given situations.
- Find the totals (products).
- Compare the products to their predictions.

Closure (10-15 minutes)
Discuss each story as a class. Have student groups describe their prediction strategies as well as their solutions.

Pose a new story problem to model and discuss:
157 parents will attend the school talent show. In order to know that every parent has a seat, how many rows would you set up and how many chairs would you put each row?

Discuss different possible arrangements. One possible arrangement is 16 rows of 10 .

## Assessment

- Do students provide an accurate model of the story problem with the blocks?
- Do students get an accurate YES or NO answer when predicting?
- Do students explain their technique for predicting the answer?
- Do students find the actual product and connect the product to the answer to the question?
- Do the students use the blocks to solve the problems or do they use the paper-pencil techniques?


## Extension

- Have students write their own story problems and a question to accompany the problem.
- Give students a number such as 423 and ask them to give a story problem that would result in an answer less than 423 (or more than 423).
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## Story \#1

The Girl Scouts have 4 boxes of Thin Mints.
There are 36 Thin Mint cookies in each box.

1. Show how you model this story with blocks:
2. Do the Girl Scouts have enough cookies to serve 130 people each one cookie? Predict YES or NO.
$\qquad$
3. How many Thin Mint cookies do the Girl Scouts actually have? $\qquad$ Explain how you found this answer:
4. How does the answer to \#3 compare to how you predicted in \#2?
$\qquad$

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Story \#2
The school cafeteria has 24 tables. Each table has seats for 8 students.

1. Show how you model this story with blocks:
2. Are there enough seats for 170 students to eat lunch at one time? Predict YES or NO.
3. How many seats are in the cafeteria? $\qquad$ Explain how you found this answer:
4. How does the answer to \#3 compare to how you predicted in \#2?
$\qquad$

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## Story \#3

One package of tacks comes with 37 tacks in it. The teacher has 6 packages of tacks.

1. Show how you model this story with blocks:
2. If it takes 4 tacks to put up each poster, does the teacher have enough tacks to put up 60 posters? Predict VES or NO.
3. How many tacks does the teacher have?

Explain how you found this answer:
4. How does the answer to \#3 compare to how you predicted in \#2?

